

### G-ST 700

#### Specifications:

Device type:	G-ST 700
CPU:	12th Gen Intel(R) Core(TM) i3-12100
Mainboard:	Kontron K3833-Q1
G-Core:	8.1.0.592
SSD/ HDD:	M.2 SSD 256GB; HDD: 1TB
Monitor resolution:	1080p
RAM:	2x 8GB DDR5 dual channel
OS:	Microsoft Windows 10 Enterprise LTSC
Graphiccard:	Intel(R) UHD Graphics 730 Version 31.0.101.4091
Date of the test:	25.03.2024

#### Results:

##### E4 Viewer Performance:

Resolution	Codec	Desired FPS per Channel	Amount Viewers	CPU Usage in %	Device Bandwidth in Mbit/s	GPU Decoder Usage	GPU 3D Usage
4K2K	H.264 CCTV	25	12	28,93	141,79	96	28,17
4MP	H.264	25	22	37,11	227,01	99,4	33,2
FullHD	H.264	25	40	56,79	433,29	99,4	46,6
HD	H.264	25	57	91,09	663,48	78,17	58
4MP	H.265	25	31	91,25	246,08	88,8	55,4
FullHD	H.265	25	45	95,22	315,66	83	60,6
HD	H.265	25	57	90,87	529,96	78	57

## E4 Database Performance:

Resolution	Codec	Recorded Channels	CPU Usage in %	Device Bandwidth in Mbit/s	GPU 3D Usage
4K2K	H.264 CCTV	130	8,3	912,23	3
4MP	H.264	70	7,33	789,56	2,5
FullHD	H.264	89	6,69	737,49	2,67
HD	H.264	74	7,38	867,57	2,5
4MP	H.265	128	5,7	234,35	2,5
FullHD	H.265	128	5,06	207,62	3,25
HD	H.265	128	5,91	265,26	2,5

## E4 G-Test Performance AD:

Resolution	Codec	Analysed Channels AD	CPU usage in % AD	Device Bandwidth in Mbit/s AD	GPU Decoder Usage AD	GPU 3D Usage AD
4K2K	H.264 CCTV	33	16,4	377,92	83,4	21,5
4MP	H.264	23	15,98	269,98	100	22,78
FullHD	H.264	42	20,57	453,29	99,22	26
HD	H.264	76	34,36	813,36	96,44	30,11
4MP	H.265	32	23,13	302,06	100	34
FullHD	H.265	54	29,19	378,69	96,11	34,11
HD	H.265	63	30,29	582,35	84,67	25

## E4 G-Test Performance VMD:

Resolution	Codec	Analysed Channels VMD	CPU usage in % VMD	Device Bandwidth in Mbit/s VMD	GPU Decoder Usage VMD	GPU 3D Usage VMD
4K2K	H.264 CCTV	26	15,03	302,03	100	23,5
4MP	H.264	23	13,97	250,35	100	21,6
FullHD	H.264	41	19,74	466,65	99,78	26
HD	H.264	73	31,37	781,75	92,78	29,22
4MP	H.265	32	21,71	300,03	100	33,44
FullHD	H.265	55	28,2	437,19	97,89	34,22
HD	H.265	64	29,37	612,04	87	24,56

## E4 G-Tect Performance VMX:

Resolution	Codec	Analysed Channels VMX	CPU usage in % VMX	Device Bandwidth in Mbit/s VMX	GPU Decoder Usage VMX	GPU 3D Usage VMX
4K2K	H.264 CCTV	39	45,81	452,68	100	26,11
4MP	H.264	23	21,51	266,5	100	21,33
FullHD	H.264	41	30,06	451,37	100	25,11
HD	H.264	77	61,02	856,38	100	34,22
4MP	H.265	32	38,25	269,01	100	34,11
FullHD	H.265	55	58,41	427,48	98,89	38,78
HD	H.265	65	58,6	622,3	87,11	29,78

### **Type:** Limit Performance Test

**Reason:** Search for the limits of the device until the expected frame rate is no longer reached. Live streams from GBF reference files are used.

**Test definition:** Tested in a separate test environment with separate network and imagesource with new GBF reference files.

**Aim:** Determine the maximum number of cameras that can be displayed live, being recorded in the database or analyzed with the G-Tect service (AD, VMD, VMX) WITHOUT database storage.

**Description:** SuT-Limit Test; In this test case, the maximum number of channels per device is searched for. It is determined how many channels can be viewed live and how many channels can be recorded.

All tests are performed exclusively at 25 FPS, since it was found in comparison tests that the system behaves as follows when the frame rate is halved:

- GView: at 12.5 FPS always double the number of channels
- Database: at 12.5 FPS always double the number of channels
- GTect: with AD and VMD at 12.5 FPS always double the number of channels
- GTect: with AD and VMX always 8 images are analyzed with CCTV → same number of channels
- GTect: with AD and VMX always 8 images are analyzed with CCTV → same number of channels

For GView and G-Tect, only the "Outdoor Lively" scenario was used because it is the most complex and the smallest number of channels could be connected or analyzed.

**Procedure:**

**GView:** The program starts with 16 channels. If the expected frame rate is reached, another 16 channels are activated. This happens as long as the frame rate is reached.

If this is no longer the case, 8 channels are deleted again. If this is reached, 4 more channels are switched on again and so on. This happens until the maximum frame rate is reached.

**Database:** It starts with 128 active channels. If the frame rate is reached, another 64 channels are activated in the setup. If the rate for all 192 channels is then reached the test is finished.

If the frame rate for the 192 channels is not reached, 32 channels are deactivated again, and soon.

**G-Tect:** AD, VMD and VMX are tested separately. No combination is used.

The program starts with 16 active channels. When the expected frame rate is reached, another 16 channels are activated. This happens as long as the frame rate is reached.

If this is no longer the case, 8 channels are deactivated. If this is reached, 4 more channels are activated again and so on. This happens until the maximum frame rate is reached.

A comparison of the G-Tect performance tests with active recording with the results without recording has shown that this has no effect on the performance of the G-Tect service.

Therefore, no recording is active in this test.